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Dentons Flashpoint

Daily Global Situation Report

October 26, 2020

Global Situation Update: October 26, 2020

KEY TAKEAWAYS

The EU and WHO are warning of an "exponential" rise in infections in the bloc as member stated reimpose lockdowns.

Russia proposed a new US-Russian agreement to replace the abandoned INF nuclear arms control treaty.

Tropical storm Zeta shuts down Gulf of Mexico oil platforms.





Global

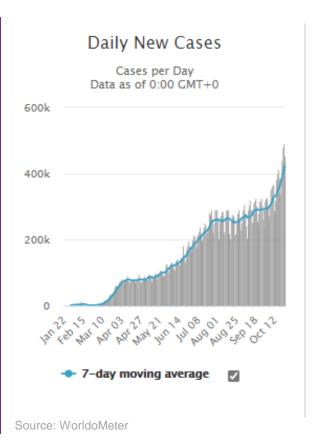
Overnight, confirmed coronavirus cases grew to 43,379,774 in 214 countries and territories, with 1,159,646 deaths.

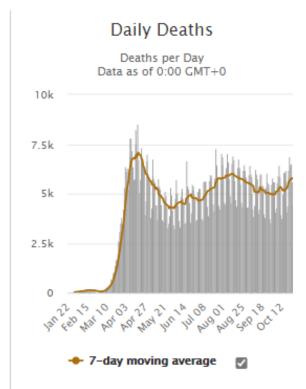
- AstraZeneca Plc has resumed the US clinical trial of its experimental COVID-19 vaccine after approval by regulators, and Johnson & Johnson is preparing to resume its trial on Monday or Tuesday.
- The AstraZeneca/University of Oxford vaccine has produced a robust immune response in elderly people, the group at highest risk from the disease.

Global

Over the past week, daily new cases of coronavirus surged, nearing 43 million. There are over 1 million new confirmed cases every two days.

Last Friday saw a record daily high of new cases: 506,570. The daily death rate has returned to August levels. Europe continued to drive the surge in new infections, with the UK, Russia, Spain, France, Italy, Belgium, Netherlands, Poland and Czechia reporting infections over 10,000 a day.





Markets

Gold fell below the key psychological level of \$1,900 on Monday to its lowest in more than a week, pressured by a firmer dollar.

- Asian shares started off hesitant on Monday as surging coronavirus cases in Europe and the US undermined the global outlook.
- European stocks retreated on Monday, as Italy and Spain imposed fresh restrictions to control a resurgence in coronavirus cases, while shares in German heavyweight SAP slumped 20 percent after it cut its 2020 outlook.
- The **Turkish lira** reached a new record low, trading at 8 against the US dollar for the first time.
- Oil prices fell on Monday, extending last week's losses, as increasing coronavirus cases in the US and Europe raised worries about energy demand and over supply with Libyan production resuming.



Business

Fiat Chrysler and PSA are set to win EU approval for their \$38 billion merger to create the world's No.4 carmaker.

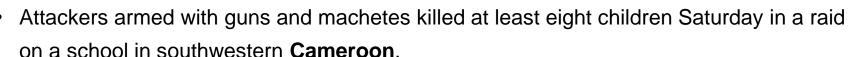
- Saudi Basic Industries Corp (SABIC), the world's 4th-biggest petrochemicals firm, reported a 47 percent rise in third-quarter profit, beating estimates on higher sales and output.
- SAP, Europe's largest software company, cut its revenue and profit forecasts for this year as the resurgence of coronavirus depresses business spending.
- Bayer announced a \$4 billion deal to acquired US biotech firm Asklepios BioPharmaceutical Inc.

- Faced with the potential of US election-related conflict, Facebook Inc. is considering deploying internal tools designed for what it calls "at-risk" countries, including slowing the spread of viral content and lowering the bar for suppressing potentially inflammatory posts.
- Energy Inc will buy Husky Energy Inc in an allstock transaction valued at \$23.6 billion.



Africa

 Seychelles opposition leader Ramkalawan wins presidency in landmark victory, dislodging the ruling party which has been in control since 1977.



• In **Guinea**, the national electoral authority confirmed that Alpha Conde won the disputed election, putting him at the helm for a controversial third term.

Anti-government protests in the Angolan capital Luanda set up barricades and set fire
to a police station, demanding the holding of local government elections, postponed due
to the coronavirus pandemic.







Asia

 Thousands of people protested in the center of **Thailand's** capital Bangkok on Sunday, after Prime Minister Prayuth Chan-ocha ignored their Saturday night deadline to resign.

 Malaysia's king Al Sultan-Abdullah rejected a proposal by Prime Minister Yassin for a state of emergency to be imposed because of the coronavirus crisis.

Kashgar in northwestern **China's** Xinjiang region are closing schools for a week and carrying out a city-wide coronavirus test, officials after 100 asymptomatic coronavirus cases were recorded, the largest cluster in China since July. The Fifth Plenum, a meeting of the Chinese Communist party's leadership, starts today and will run until Thursday, conducting the country's most important goal-setting exercise and drafting the next Five-Year Plan, against the backdrop of a worsening global economy and US sanctions.

 China will impose sanctions on Lockheed Martin, Boeing Defense and Raytheon for participating in a US arms sales to Taiwan, the foreign ministry announced.







Europe

 Russia proposed a new US-Russian agreement not to deploy certain missiles in Europe and introduce mutual verification measures following the demise of the INF nuclear arms control treaty.

Italy has prevented telecoms group Fastweb from signing a deal for Chinese
 Huawei to supply equipment for its 5G core network.

 Turkey announced that it is extending by one week a gas exploration mission in the eastern Mediterranean that has caused tensions with Greece.



• The **EU's** disease control agency has joined the WHO in warning of an "exponential" rise in infections in the bloc; all EU countries except **Cyprus**, **Estonia**, **Finland and Greece** fell into a "serious concern" category, as did the UK. The **UK** health secretary damped expectations of an expedited launch of a Covid-19 vaccine by the end of the year but sees the "bulk" to be in the first half of 2021. **France** extending a curfew to cover 46 million people with the chief medical advisor warning that the country is facing a "critical situation" with 100,000 cases a day looming; France reported 45,422 new infections on Sunday. Parts of **Italy including** the capital Rome went under curfew late Friday, triggering a large demonstration in Naples against the measures. **Spain** announced a nationwide curfew and triggered emergency powers. Wales entered a full lockdown on Friday while Poland adopted a nationwide "red zone" lockdown mandating the partial closure of primary schools and restaurants. Hospitals in **Belgium** are overwhelmed. Over the weekend, Belgium surpassed 300,000 confirmed virus cases and **Romania** 200,000 cases. Confirmed cases in **Russia** surpassed 1.5 million.



Middle East

• **Afghan** security forces have killed Abu Muhsin al-Masri, a senior al Qaeda leader who was on the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Most Wanted Terrorists list.

- Polls opened in **Egypt** on Saturday for parliamentary elections that will stretch over several weeks and are set to be dominated by supporters of President Abdel Fattah al-Sisi.
- Prominent political factions in Sudan have rejected a deal brokered with the help of the US to take steps to normalize ties with Israel.
- Hospitals in many Iranian provinces are running out of capacity to handle COVID-19
 cases, health authorities say, with COVID-19 now killing around 300 people a day.
- Over the weekend, Jordan and the West Bank/Gaza surpassed 50,000 virus cases each
- **Yemeni** Houthis shelled of the Hope Hospital for Tumors Treatment in Yemen's central Taiz on Saturday, injuring health workers and partially damaged the health facility; international human rights organizations condemn the action as a "war crime."
- In the UAE, Dubai is introducing a facial recognition system on public transport to beef up security; the emirate already operates a
 biometric system using facial recognition at its international airport.



Americas

- Brazil jumped to China's third-biggest crude oil supplier in September.
- Colombia becomes the eighth country to surpass 1 million confirmed coronavirus cases;
 Chile surpassed 500,000 infections.
- Bolivia's President-elect Luis Arce pledged to "rebuild" the Andean country after a tumultuous
 year of political turmoil and the pandemic, as the official vote count confirmed a landslide win for his
 socialist party.
- A **Canada** court will hear witness testimony starting Monday as part of Huawei Chief Financial Officer Meng Wanzhou's legal battle to stop her extradition to the US.
- Chileans voters turned out in large numbers to endorse a plan to replace the country's Pinochet-era constitution in favor of a new charter drafted by citizens.
- Chevron Corp and BP have begun evacuating all non-essential personnel from their **Gulf of Mexico** facilities ahead of Tropical Storm Zeta.



Americas: US

- On Friday and Saturday, the US set daily records for COVID-19 cases during new surge sweeping across
 the nation, 81,722 and 83,422 respectively. New infections in California topped 900,000. Medical workers and
 hospitals are once again voicing concerns of being overwhelmed, as more Americans are resuming activities
 without taking appropriate mitigation measures. In Michigan hospital executives are renewing appeals for people
 to wear masks. New York is developing a new strategy to find "micro-clusters" of Covid-19 infections by making
 testing more local.
- Vice President Pence will maintain his schedule, having testing negative for coronavirus after his chief of staff tested positive.
- Infectious disease expert Dr. Fauci said it would be clear whether a **COVID-19 vaccine** was safe and effective by early December, but that more widespread vaccination would not be likely until later in 2021. **Universal mask use** could save 130,000 lives in the US in the coming months, according to a forecast by the Institute of Health Metrics and Evaluation.
- In Colorado, officials issued a **wildfire mandatory evacuation** order as high wind gusts pushed the 191,000-acre East Troublesome Fire east, threatening the town of 6,300 people that serves as a base camp for the popular national park.
- The US imposed sanctions on **Russian** research institute TsNIIKhM tied to the development of a dangerous computer program capable of causing catastrophic industrial damage.
- The US will begin basing Coast Guard Enhanced Response Cutters in the western Pacific for maritime security missions, citing illegal fishing and harassment of vessels by China.



#EndSARS: Anti-Police Protests in Nigeria

By Anni Coonan

Since the latest round of anti-police protests broke out in Nigeria last month, the motto "#EndSARS" has broken into international discourse. The hashtag refers to the Special Anti-Robbery Squad, a police unit that Nigerians and human rights organizations say have abused thousands of civilians since its establishment in 1992.

The most recent protests, which build on a movement started in 2017, were sparked when a video of the aftermath of the killing of a young man, reportedly by a SARS officer, went viral earlier this month. Nigerians have taken to the streets in their largest numbers yet, protesting in Lagos, the nation's capital, major economic hubs Abuja and Lekki, and four other large cities, in spite of curfews and bans on gatherings. Protesters have been met with shocking violence: military police reportedly killed 12 protesters on Tuesday after opening fire on demonstrators in Lagos, and security forces throughout the country have used tear gas to disperse crowds. The protests have also plunged the country's major cities into chaos: protesters sacked a ceremonial palace, police stations, and TV stations, torched cars, and have raided prisons and freed inmates throughout the week. Through

all this, Nigeria's President Buhari has refused to comment directly on the growing crisis. In public remarks this week - his first since the protests intensified - Buhari did not acknowledge the death of the 12 protesters, calling only for calm and saying that protests are "undermining national security and law and order."

Nigerians' grievances against the SARS unit, and police forces in general, are numerous: they report widespread violence and abuses of power, including extrajudicial killings, physical abuse, torture, extortion and sexual assault. Amnesty International reported 82 cases of abuses by SARS between January 2017 and May 2020, including use of torture tactics like waterboarding. SARS is also widely considered corrupt, and regularly extorts





#EndSARS: Anti-Police Protests in Nigeria

victims of crime or regular citizens for protection or investigations into crimes. Some Nigerians also believe that SARS has directly contributed to the rise of violent extremism in the country, as violent groups like Boko Haram feed on a sense of distrust in and dissatisfaction with law enforcement and the government. Boko Haram's founder, in fact, was killed by security forces in a 2009 uprising, and his death - which supporters see as summary execution by police - is a rallying cry for extremists. Analysts sav that many of the problems of overreach and violence stem from how SARS was designed: originally intended to combat violent crime, an elusive target at the time, the squad originated as plain-clothes, armed officers empowered to use violence to accost their targets. Use of violence, and an instinct to dodge transparency, is built into the structure of the unit. The squad also drew from trained police officers from all regions, and to this day shifts units regularly throughout the country, which critics say engenders a lack of knowledge about or concern for the communities they police. The unit is also chronically underpaid, fueling rampant corruption. However, protest leaders say that the most important driver of violence is simple lack of accountability: the government has proved unwilling, for nearly three decades,

to hold the unit responsible for their abuses or substantially change its training, incentives, or oversight.

The protesters and government have come to agreements to dissolve or restructure the unit multiple times, but the government has failed to follow through on its promises every time. Just this month, protesters celebrated Buhari's announcement that the government would dissolve SARS, only to reject the proposal and return to the streets when it came to light that he intended to disband the group in name only, redistributing - rather than firing - the corrupt police officers and replacing SARS with SWAT, or the Special Weapons Tactical Team. Such betrayals have happened before. In 2006, 2008, and 2012, presidential committees were formed to provide recommendations on police reform, in 2009, a National Committee on Torture reviewed allegations of torture against SARS, in 2010, then-President Goodluck Jonathan allocated \$196 million for police reform, and in 2017, the government quelled the first round of #EndSARS protests by making its first promises to dissolve the unit. Escalating protests are fueled by a distinct lack of trust in the government to follow through with any





#EndSARS: Anti-Police Protests in Nigeria

promised reforms; protesters are quoted as saying they will remain in the streets until their demands, which including dissolving SARS for good ans general social reforms, are met.

The effort has garnered immense international support. International media attention and support from celebrities such Rihanna, Drake, and Beyonce caused the hashtag #EndSARS to trend internationally, and leaders throughout the world have called on President Buhari to hold security forces accountable for the deaths of protesters. The issue even filtered to the US presidential election, with former Vice President Biden releasing a statement on Wednesday calling for President Buhari to "engage in a good-faith dialogue with civil society to address these long-standing grievances and work together for a more just and inclusive Nigeria." Regional leaders in the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) have called for dialogue between the government and protesters, although have not gone so far as to directly acknowledge the deaths of protesters or call for specific reforms.

Analysts say that the government's limited response - and unprecedented global attention to it - could endanger the

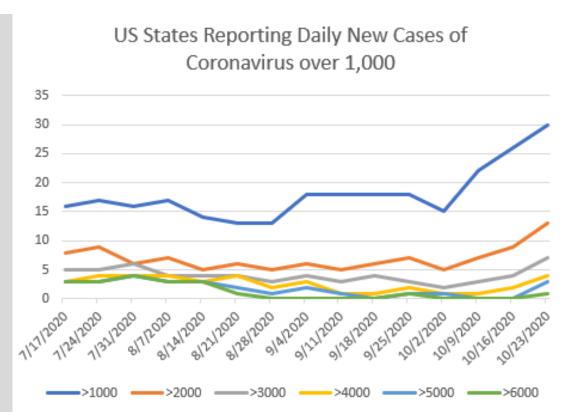
country's regional leadership. As the largest economy in Africa and a historically stable country, Nigeria is a regional leader and an important voice in counterterrorism initiatives as well as in ECOWAS. Nigeria's candidate for the World Trade Organization, Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala, is currently one of just two finalists to be the next Director General. The ongoing tensions, however, make Nigeria the fourth ECOWAS country currently undergoing civil unrest - Burkina Faso is facing extremist uprisings, Guinea and the Ivory Coast are seeing violence and protests surrounding controversial elections, and Mali is only tenuously calm after a coup rocked the country this summer. In addition to extending the hardship of the Nigerian public, continued unrest in Nigeria could damage the country's international standing and endanger counterterrorism participation in regional Unfortunately, the central government in Lagos has seemed to dig its heels in further after protesters rejected its original offer of reform, and the crackdown on protesters has only escalated. While international attention may influence Buhari to scale back some of the security response, protesters have vowed to remain in the streets until their demands are met.





Country in Charts: US Third Wave?

This past Friday, a record number of 30 states reported daily new cases of coronavirus over 1,000. As in Europe, the spread of infections is deeper and geographically wider than in the previous wave, with few states escaping from significant clusters. The death rate, however, continues to decline.



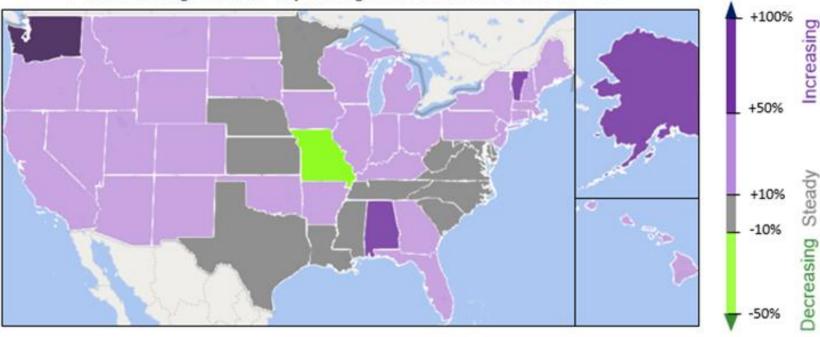
Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



Country in Charts: US Third Wave?

Change in new COVID-19 cases in the past week

Percent change of the 7-day average of new cases on Oct. 19 - 25

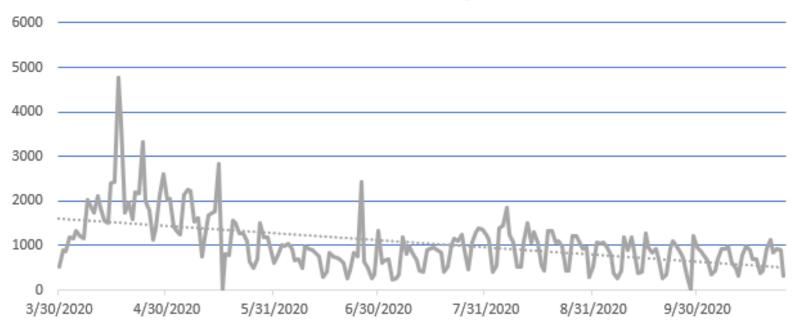


Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



Country in Charts: US Third Wave?





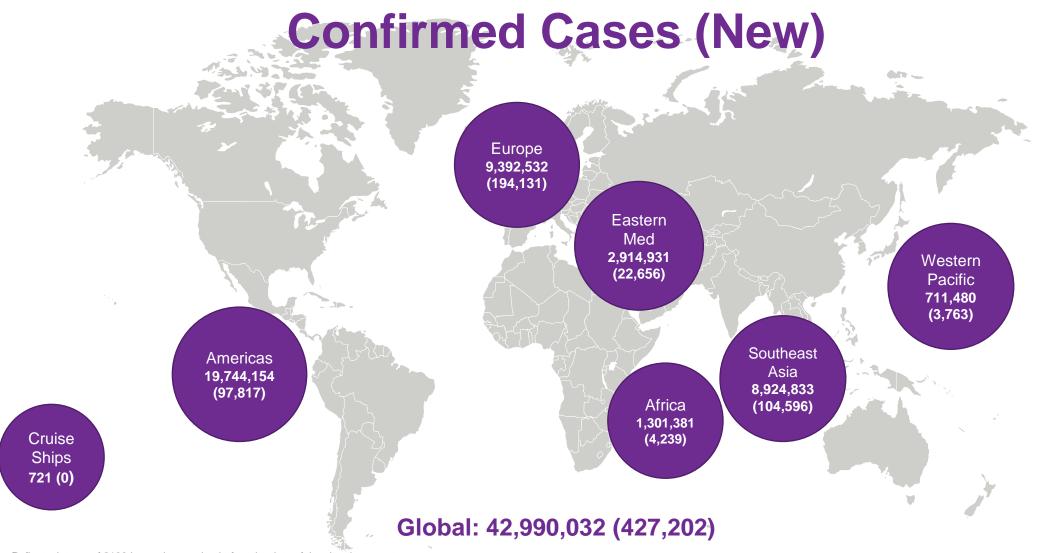
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Coronavirus Condition Updates

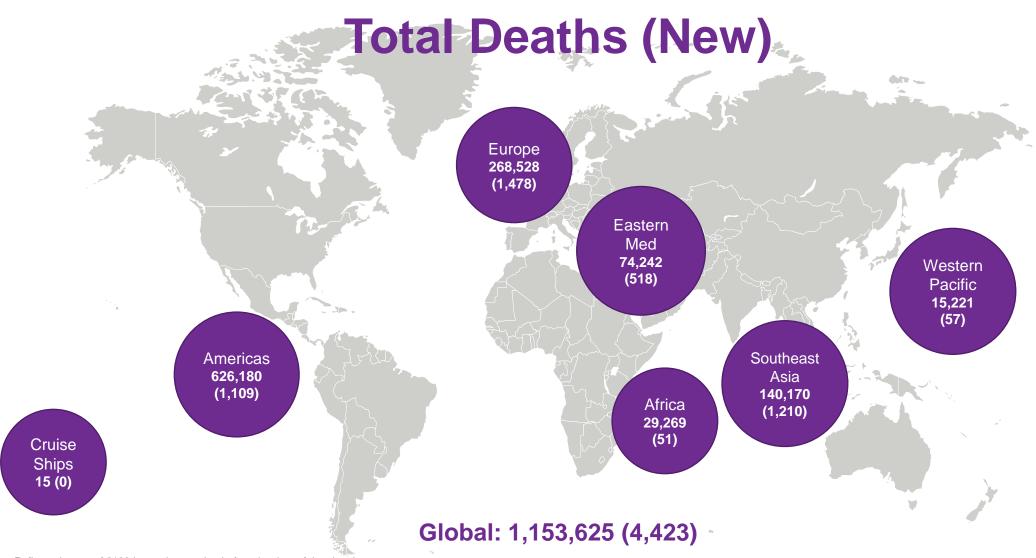
As of 2100 hours US EDT on October 25





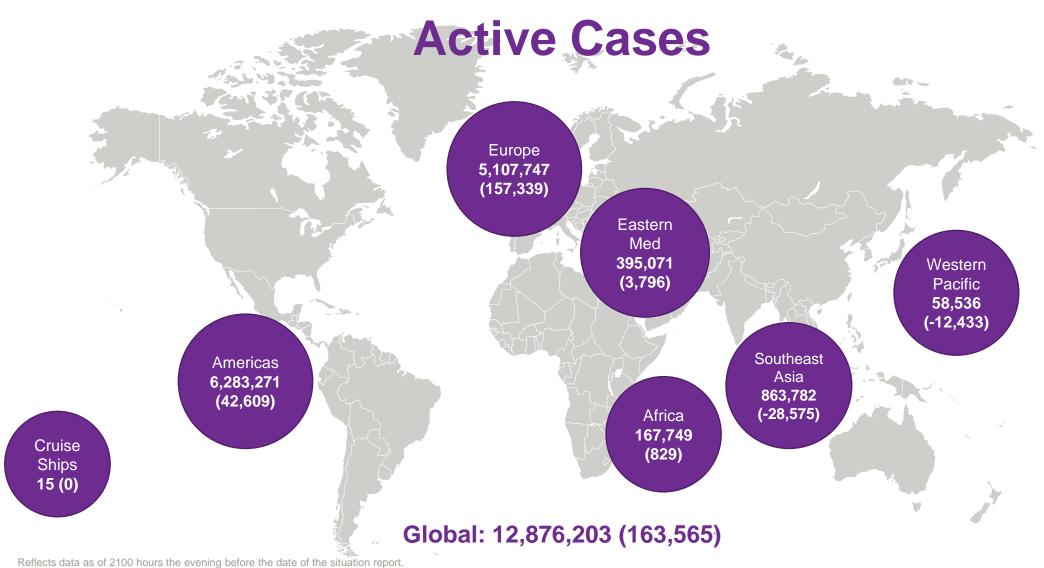
Reflects data as of 2100 hours the evening before the date of the situation report. Data Source: Johns Hopkins University





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VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
US	4951859	8567888 (59566)	224336 (333)	26805	695	5.55%	Germany	107632	437698 (2900)	10062 (27)	5218	121	15.77%
France	969430	1094239 (45422)	34373 (137)	17430	532	22.92%	Sweden	104661	110594 (0)	5933 (0)	10929	586	6.69%
Spain	861004	1046132 (0)	34752 (0)	23746	743	10.47%	Iran	81226	568896 (6191)	32616 (296)	6746	387	6.77%
UK	829134	875610 (19797)	44968 (151)	12850	660	17.31%	Colombia	78506	1015885 (8174)	30000 (0)	19898	591	5.54%
Brazil	697339	5380635 (0)	156903 (0)	25320	738	2.90%	Bangladesh	77905	398815 (1308)	5803 (23)	2414	35	2.57%
India	653717	7909959 (95277)	119014 (1058)	5713	86	5.25%	Indonesia	62649	389712 (3732)	13299 (94)	1420	48	7.15%
Russia	344987	1503652 (16392)	25875 (228)	10372	178	7.50%	Iraq	59735	451707 (2554)	10623 (55)	11152	262	5.55%
Belgium	287134	321031 (15622)	10810 (73)	26315	925	30.77%	Romania	53516	209648 (3855)	6391 (73)	10921	333	13.96%
Netherlands	284208	291254 (10202)	7046 (27)	16986	411	21.64%	Honduras	52595	93214 (490)	2623 (6)	9315	263	5.14%
Italy	222241	525782 (21273)	37338 (128)	8700	618	21.21%	South Africa	50730	715868 (1622)	18968 (24)	12022	319	1.69%
Ukraine	199917	353723 (6406)	6566 (103)	7870	146	13.12%	Peru	50720	888715 (5599)	34149 (116)	26836	1031	2.61%
Argentina	166874	1090589 (9253)	28896 (283)	24060	637	9.25%	Mexico	49545	891160 (4360)	88924 (181)	6855	686	4.48%
Czechia	158515	258097 (7300)	2201 (124)	24087	205	32.63%	Portugal	47493	118686 (2577)	2316 (19)	11651	227	15.82%
Poland	136631	253688 (11742)	4438 (87)	6705	117	30.72%	Switzerland	45770	103653 (0)	2083 (2)	11949	240	28.20%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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Nepal	45572	158089 (2856)	847 (5)	5395	29	16.35%	Greece	28861	30782 (790)	574 (10)	2958	55	31.43%
Jordan	45000	53087 (2337)	579 (39)	5187	57	29.22%	Armenia	25749	77837 (2314)	1180 (23)	26252	398	15.13%
Ethiopia	44374	93343 (485)	1426 (7)	806	12	4.51%	Canada	24685	218874 (2823)	9995 (26)	5710	263	0.80%
Tunisia	42948	48799 (0)	819 (0)	4115	69	16.92%	Libya	24487	56013 (1639)	795 (5)	8117	115	11.30%
Hungary	41580	59247 (3149)	1425 (35)	6138	148	21.87%	Bolivia	23550	140853 (74)	8645 (18)	12009	736	3.41%
Costa Rica	39769	103088 (0)	1282 (0)	20178	251	7.35%	Austria	21974	80811 (2782)	979 (14)	8956	109	15.30%
Serbia	38694	39486 (614)	792 (3)	4525	91	8.42%	Panama	21336	129200 (685)	2633 (5)	29796	607	2.28%
Turkey	37612	361801 (2017)	9799 (72)	4275	116	3.95%	Dominican Republic	19653	124527 (509)	2223 (3)	11443	204	21.11%
Lebanon	36022	71390 (1484)	565 (3)	10475	83	12.75%	Myanmar	18759	44774 (986)	1095 (29)	821	20	8.57%
Philippines	35015	370028 (2209)	6977 (43)	3363	63	3.62%	Paraguay	18550	59594 (551)	1309 (16)	8323	183	2.61%
Puerto Rico	34354	62503 (1223)	801 (7)	18454	236	8.34%	Bulgaria	18441	37889 (327)	1094 (10)	5466	158	6.46%
Slovakia	33724	43843 (3042)	159 (0)	8029	29	31.95%	Moldova	17528	71503 (414)	1685 (16)	17739	418	16.17%
Ireland	31882	57128 (1020)	1882 (0)	11529	380	12.54%	Georgia	17463	28431 (1928)	201 (8)	7131	50	21.25%
Morocco	30985	197481 (3020)	3301 (46)	5330	89	12.08%	Algeria	15134	56143 (263)	1914 (7)	1273	43	2.85%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



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Kenya	14610	49721 (931)	902 (6)	918	17	9.73%	Denmark	7669	40356 (945)	702 (2)	6959	121	12.30%
Israel	14440	309946 (533)	2397 (25)	33699	261	2.21%	N Macedonia	7408	26954 (560)	919 (22)	12938	441	12.34%
Slovenia	14286	22950 (1676)	240 (5)	11039	115	42.74%	Ecuador	7323	161635 (2021)	12553 (11)	9118	708	5.16%
Bosnia	13348	40893 (1135)	1086 (11)	12489	332	16.58%	Kyrgyzstan	7000	55750 (606)	1134 (4)	8501	173	6.65%
Oman	12480	112932 (1095)	1174 (27)	21942	228	2.64%	Guatemala	6926	104787 (155)	3644 (35)	5815	202	3.27%
Croatia	11144	36380 (2421)	437 (8)	8880	107	29.69%	Japan	6769	97095 (496)	1716 (6)	764	14	4.12%
Pakistan	10788	328602 (707)	6739 (3)	1475	30	1.57%	West Bank & Gaza	6402	50442 (453)	448 (5)	9817	87	6.56%
Chile	9867	502063 (1521)	13944 (52)	26192	727	2.05%	Sudan	6141	13742 (0)	837 (0)	311	19	0.33%
Malaysia	9202	26565 (823)	229 (8)	817	7	22.84%	Lithuania	5977	10184 (606)	134 (5)	3758	49	26.15%
Belarus	8629	92823 (845)	957 (4)	9824	101	5.52%	Norway	5767	17909 (160)	279 (0)	3295	51	8.11%
Saudi Arabia	8249	344875 (323)	5296 (15)	9858	151	0.78%	UAE	5715	125123 (1359)	477 (2)	12603	48	7.61%
Kuwait	8118	121635 (708)	746 (2)	28350	174	4.51%	Angola	5605	9381 (355)	268 (1)	283	8	18.75%
Albania	8026	19157 (299)	477 (4)	6659	166	10.97%	Afghanistan	5190	40833 (65)	1514 (3)	1042	39	1.55%
Azerbaijan	8009	49959 (946)	671 (7)	4913	66	10.00%	Guadeloupe	5015	7329 (0)	115 (0)	18316	287	2.82%



HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

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Botswana	4975	5923 (0)	21 (0)	2503	9	11.50%	CAR	2876	4862 (0)	62 (0)	1001	13	0.14%
Venezuela	4845	89565 (423)	773 (3)	3153	27	3.27%	Qatar	2841	131170 (205)	230 (1)	46716	82	1.33%
Finland	4695	14848 (196)	353 (0)	2678	64	9.59%	Mozambique	2647	11986 (91)	86 (1)	380	3	9.34%
Jamaica	4244	8714 (44)	188 (2)	2939	63	5.05%	Bahamas	2330	6410 (142)	132 (2)	16251	335	11.03%
Sri Lanka	4053	7872 (351)	16 (1)	367	1	29.65%	Uzbekistan	2249	65307 (384)	549 (5)	1942	16	3.34%
Uganda	3991	11443 (146)	101 (2)	248	2	7.45%	French Polynesia	2154	5859 (62)	20 (0)	20819	71	35.19%
Montenegro	3756	16797 (168)	266 (3)	26743	424	7.04%	Martinique	2135	2257 (0)	24 (0)	6016	64	0.00%
Luxembourg	3625	12851 (0)	141 (0)	22575	230	15.28%	Malta	1880	5498 (125)	51 (1)	12441	115	15.82%
Nigeria	3397	61992 (62)	1130 (1)	298	5	0.89%	Kosovo	1775	17263 (0)	657 (0)			2.15%
Syria	3386	5408 (49)	269 (2)	307	15	6.12%	Namibia	1748	12660 (81)	133 (0)	4954	52	2.90%
El Salvador	3378	32585 (0)	949 (5)	5016	146	2.82%	Cyprus	1638	3545 (101)	25 (0)	2929	21	25.42%
Latvia	3265	4678 (211)	56 (2)	2489	30	26.25%	South Korea	1593	25955 (119)	457 (0)	504	9	2.62%
Bahrain	3167	80255 (280)	312 (0)	46669	181	2.93%	Guam	1569	4141 (0)	69 (0)			14.56%
Kazakhstan	3071	110542 (140)	1796 (0)	5858	95	0.94%	South Sudan	1537	2883 (5)	56 (0)	257	5	1.42%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Egypt	1438	106540 (143)	6199 (12)	1035	60	1.05%
Australia	1424	27525 (12)	905 (0)	1075	35	0.46%
Haiti	1421	9026 (11)	232 (1)	789	20	0.69%
Trinidad and Tobago	1321	5511 (8)	105 (0)	3934	75	3.88%
Congo (Brazzaville)	1274	5253 (0)	92 (0)	945	17	1.85%
Mayotte	1268	4276 (0)	44 (0)	15557	160	5.75%
Andorra	1240	4038 (0)	69 (0)	52235	893	16.37%
Belize	1134	3145 (39)	50 (2)	7767	120	10.56%
Guinea	1090	11635 (0)	71 (0)	879	5	1.01%
Nicaragua	1054	5434 (0)	155 (0)	817	23	1.49%
Iceland	1042	4448 (54)	11 (0)	13008	32	8.84%
Cameroon	1028	21570 (0)	425 (0)	806	16	0.60%
Cabo Verde	1017	8396 (74)	94 (0)	15049	168	7.67%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



US Risk Assessment

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

State	Active	Confirmed	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	% Daily	State	Active	Confirmed	Deaths	Cases/	Deaths/	% Daily
	Cases	(New)	(New)	/ 1M Pop.	/ 1M Pop	Change7- Day Av		Cases	(New)	(New)	1M Pop.	1M Pop	Change7- Day Av
California	889238	906596 (2912)	17358 (15)	22966	439	3.41%	Colorado	85330	95066 (1689)	2223 (5)	16512	386	10.29%
Florida	762207	778636 (2385)	16429 (12)	36253	765	3.03%	South Carolina	80352	170678 (1337)	3802 (9)	33150	738	3.92%
New York	382950	495464 (1632)	33422 (4)	27329	1725	2.26%	Kentucky	77812	96942 (1462)	1407 (3)	21699	315	9.63%
Illinois	369183	378958 (4057)	9775 (24)	29906	771	8.27%	Kansas	72342	75816 (278)	956 (0)	26754	335	7.32%
Georgia	343114	350923 (1318)	7809 (1)	33052	735	2.95%	Michigan	53151	175612 (0)	7522 (0)	17584	753	8.26%
Arizona	192547	238163 (1391)	5874 (5)	32720	807	2.95%	Connecticut	51675	66052 (0)	4577 (0)	18526	1284	4.88%
New Jersey	175706	228468 (1129)	16285 (4)	26190	1848	3.86%	Indiana	44483	162607 (2153)	4130 (12)	24154	613	9.24%
Missouri	168976	171796 (1967)	2820 (12)	28723	474	7.47%	Wisconsin	40574	198166 (3626)	1778 (8)	34035	305	16.14%
Virginia	149679	172774 (983)	3575 (1)	20312	419	4.11%	Pennsylvania	39821	198713 (1343)	8647 (11)	15525	683	6.02%
Maryland	128119	140279 (792)	4096 (5)	23203	678	3.29%	North Carolina	37401	260099 (1807)	4157 (13)	24799	396	5.41%
Texas	118956	892006 (3644)	17955 (40)	31504	623	4.26%	Oregon	35578	42101 (362)	653 (0)	9982	155	6.10%
Alabama	107050	184355 (1079)	2866 (0)	37599	585	6.36%	Ohio	34073	198115 (2309)	5206 (0)	16956	450	8.24%
Washington	100617	102913 (649)	2296 (0)	13905	302	4.58%	Idaho	31011	59344 (650)	573 (1)	33208	321	10.54%
Nevada	91601	95703 (891)	1744 (5)	31071	568	5.69%	Utah	27165	104882 (1765)	572 (4)	32715	178	10.00%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



US Risk Assessment

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

State **Active** Confirmed **Deaths Deaths** % Daily Cases / 1M / 1M Change7-**Cases** (New) (New) Pop. Pop Day Av Iowa 26864 116238 (1402) 1635 (1) 36716 518 7.66% Tennessee 26389 247587 (3500) 3131 (31) 36254 458 7.61% 26339 30118 (0) **Rhode Island** 1177 (0) 28430 1111 8.06% Nebraska 21837 63797 (582) 596 (1) 32980 308 8.98% **New Mexico** 20131 41863 (823) 967 (2) 19965 461 12.12% Massachusetts 17845 150565 (1077) 9864 (25) 21845 1431 4.59% 15946 8.08% Oklahoma 116736 (1051) 1249 (4) 29501 316 14158 115088 (0) Mississippi 3255 (0) 38670 1094 4.42% 12915 133802 (1680) 2402 (21) 23725 426 8.21% Minnesota South Dakota 10745 39203 (1062) 375 (9) 44314 424 15.14% Delaware 10637 23961 (114) 681 (1) 24607 699 3.62% 1812 (15) 9775 106115 (797) 600 6.64% Arkansas 35163 9751 27880 (738) 297 (3) 26086 278 18.15% Montana Louisiana 8723 179842 (972) 5837 (17) 38686 1256 2.26% North Dakota 6506 37719 (845) 456 (8) 49496 598 15.22% Alaska** 5994 13008 (523) 17787 15.59% 68 (0) 93

HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
West Virginia	4828	21907 (191)	425 (1)	12223	236	8.34%
Wyoming	3448	11041 (236)	68 (0)	19077	117	18.26%
Hawaii	3114	14672 (119)	212 (0)	10363	150	4.37%
District of Columbia	3021	16767 (61)	642 (0)	23758	910	2.37%
New Hampshire**	1032	10328 (90)	473 (0)	7596	348	6.81%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



^{**} Indicates moved up a risk category

Contacts

This summary is based on reports sourced from among the 75 countries in which Dentons currently serves clients as well as from firms in other locations, some of which will formally join Dentons later in 2020. We are pleased to share this complimentary summary and contemporaneous assessment, with the caveat that developments are changing rapidly. This is not legal advice, and you should not act or refrain from acting based solely on its contents. We urge you to consult with counsel regarding your particular circumstances.

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