

## **Dentons Flashpoint** Daily Global Situation Report

**September 17, 2020** 

### **Global Situation Update: September 17, 2020**

#### KEY TAKEAWAYS

The UK accused Russian spies of poisoning opposition leader Navalny. The CDC assessed that once a vaccine is developed, it may take 6 to 9 months for enough Americans to get the vaccine to significantly affect the pandemic.

The US Fed will keep interest rates near zero and stopped short of offering new stimulus measures to shore of the economy.



## Global

Overnight, confirmed coronavirus cases rose to 30,063,255 in 213 countries and territories, with 945,542 deaths.

- Smoke from **wildfires** on the US' western coast will reach Europe this week.
- Early trials show Eli Lilly's antibody treatment to be effective in reducing the rate of hospitalization for COVID-19.
- Turkey began Phase III trials of a Chinese experimental **vaccine**.



### Markets

The Fed said overnight it would keep interest rates near zero until inflation is on track to "*moderately exceed*" the central bank's 2 percent inflation target "*for some time*," but stopped short of offering further stimulus to shore up a battered U.S. economy.

- European stocks opened down on Thursday, investors left uneasy that the US Federal Reserve stopped short of promising changes to its massive bond-buying program.
- Asian stocks also closed down.
- **US stocks** lost ground, reflecting sluggish retail and food recovery and concerns about a slow recovery.

- The **Turkish lira** fell past 7.5 to the dollar, bypassing a symbolic threshold, likely to leave unchecked rampant inflation.
- **Oil prices** jumped more than 4 percent as US supply suffered due to a hurricane on the Gulf of Mexico.
- The collapse of bond yields in the developed world is driving investors back into battered emerging markets, fueling gains despite a series of high-profile defaults and concerns about the pandemic's blow to fragile economies.

## **Business**

# Investment flows between China and the US fell to their lowest level in almost a decade in the first half of the year.

- The Trump Administration will reportedly push for majority American ownership of **TikTok**; **Oracle** said they would review TikTok's source code to check for Chinese access.
- El Al Airlines raised \$148m in a governmentmandated share offering that will allow it to access government aid.
- **GE** expects profits to return in the second half of 2020.
- **JP Morgan** will stop reimbursing junior staff for Uber rides to the office, previously introduced as a coronavirus-related precaution.

- Canadian insurer **Manulife** will reinstate some coronavirus-related travel insurance coverage after initially removing most pandemic-related policies.
- German auto supplier Mahle will cut 7,600 jobs.
- Germany's BioNTech has agreed to buy a specialist production facility from Swiss pharma giant Novartis, which will allow it to deliver more than 500m additional doses of its Covid-19 vaccine next year.
- A seven-hour "flight to nowhere" advertised by Australian airline Qantas sold out within 10 minutes on Thursday

## Africa

- **Mozambique's** defense minister called videos of apparent soldiers committing atrocities, which have sparked international outrage and the military has condemned as "*horrifying*," an attempt to denigrate the military.
- Rwandan prosecutors said that Paul Rusesabagina, portrayed in "Hotel Rwanda," could face life in prison over terrorism charges.
- South Africa will open for international travel from October 1.
- **Mali's** military junta said they had begun the process of naming an interim president after facing rebuke for passing a deadline imposed by ECOWAS without clarifying the transition.





## Asia

- The Red Cross warned that the novel coronavirus is driving discrimination towards vulnerable communities in **Asia**, including migrants and foreigners.
- Malaysia surpassed 10,000 confirmed virus cases.
- **Thailand's** opposition leader questioned spending by the royal family as the economy struggles due to the pandemic.
- Yoshohide Suga officially became **Japan's** new Prime Minister, forming a *"continuity cabinet"* containing about half of former PM Abe's ministers.
- Vietnam will resume commercial international flights with six Asian destinations.
- A prominent Chinese finance professor said that China needs to develop new capabilities to investigate foreign investment and breaches of Chinese law by foreign companies. Hong Kong called on the Trump Administration to drop requirements requiring a "Made in China" label on domestically produced products.
- The US will send a top State Department official to Taiwan for the funeral of a former president, a move likely to stoke tensions with Beijing. The US reportedly plans to sell as many as 7 major weapons systems to Taiwan. China said military drills near Taiwan are a "necessary action."

## Europe

- The EU's von der Leyen called for stricter emissions controls and more relaxed migration policies throughout the bloc.
- France revised up its economic forecast to -10 percent from -11 percent. Paris' expanded bike lanes will be made permanent after the pandemic.
  French COVID testers plan a strike over unsafe working conditions.
- Hundreds of Jewish pilgrims were denied entry to the **Ukraine** for Rosh Hashana due to coronavirus restrictions.

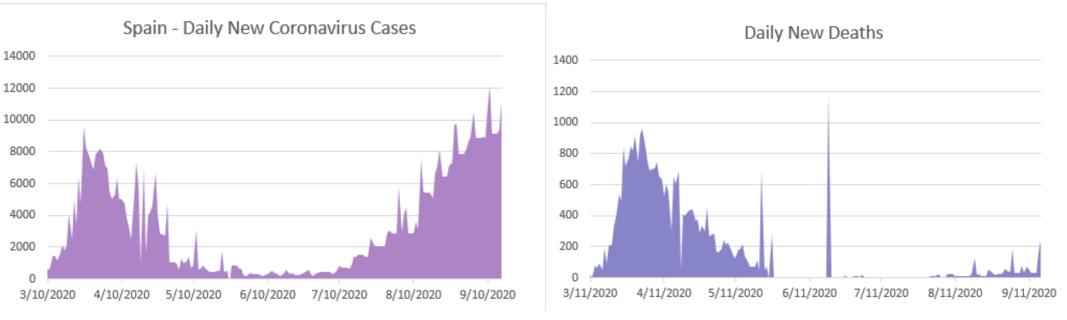


- **Spain's** total deaths jumped 239 cases in 24 hours, with 11,193 new cases, a new high amid a virus resurgence in the country. The Bank of Spain estimated that national economic output would remain up to 6 percent under pre-virus estimates by end-2022.
- PM Johnson said that the **UK** will boost testing to 500,000 per day by the end of October. Areas of northeast England will be subject to further coronavirus restrictions from Friday.
- An **Irish** case modelling group warned that Ireland is on the cusp of "exponential" case growth.
- The **UK** said that **Russian** spies were almost certainly behind the Navalny poisoning Russia said that negative reporting over the poisoning of Navalny is negatively affecting plans to borrow on the international market..



## Europe

New coronavirus infections in Spain grew over the past 7 days by an average of 9.8 percent. The second wave is more intense than the initial onset, as Madrid has rejected a renewed lockdown. The death rate, while increasing, is not as high, reflecting more effective treatments.



Source: Johns Hopkins University

Note: This report is based on sources and information deemed to be true and reliable, but Dentons makes no representations to same.

## Middle East

- The US will return to the UN Security Council this week to invoke snapback sanctions on Iran.
- Lebanese leaders failed to form a new government by the deadline set in French President Macron's reform plan.
- A rocket hit the Green Zone in Baghdad. Confirmed coronavirus cases surpassed 300,000 in **Iraq**.
- The **Israel and Dubai** diamond exchanges have signed an agreement to promote cooperation between the Middle East's main diamond hubs.
- **Israel** reported a record 6,063 new virus cases yesterday as the country settles into a three-week lockdown. The UN agency for Palestinian refugees warned that it will halt more services amid a budget crisis.
- The head of the internationally recognized Libyan GNA, PM Sarraj, announced his intent to resign by the end of October following widespread anti-government protests. Turkish and Russian officials said they had moved closer to a Libya ceasefire deal in recent Ankara talks.
- Somali money transfer companies moved more than \$3.7 million in cash between suspected weapons traffickers in recent years, including to a Yemeni under US sanctions for alleged militant links, according to a watchdog report.
- Sudan arrested 41 people in possession of enough explosives to "destroy" Khartoum, the capital. The UN estimate that some 650,000 have been affected by historic floods in Sudan.

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## Americas

- Barbados says it will remove Queen Elizabeth as head of state and become a republic.
- UN experts accused the **Venezuelan** Maduro government of crimes against humanity, citing reports of torture and targeted assassination of dissidents by secretive security forces.
- **Bolivian** polls show Luis Arce, the candidate of former socialist president Evo Morales' party, with a wide margin for victory in next month's presidential election.
- WHO Director Ghebreysus warned that Latin America is opening too quickly.
- Ontario's top medical expert called for smaller class sizes throughout Canada as cases rise.



## **Americas: US**

- Hurricane Sally caused wind damage in Alabama and severe flooding in Pensacola, Florida.
- The Fed boosted its forecast of the US economy, predicting that unemployment will fall to 7.6 percent by the end of 2020. President Trump called for large economic stimulus including individual payments, contradicting the GOP position. NY Mayor de Blasio will furlough himself and 500 city hall workers for one week, citing budget crisis. Advance reports on August retail and food sales data show a slower than expected rise. Homebuilder confidence rose to a record high. The Trump Administration is considering \$300m in aid to oil refiners.
- The director of the CDC told Congress that after a vaccine is developed, it may take 6 to 9 months for enough Americans to get the vaccine to significantly affect the pandemic; President Trump contradicted, insisting that distribution will begin in October, within 24 hours of FDA approval.
- **Major League Baseball** reached an agreement to expand the league's post-season with bubbles in two cities, and the possibility of spectators. **US college football's** Big Ten reversed course and will start the season in October.
- US intelligence officials reversed course, saying they would provide in-person briefings to members of Congress on election interference.
- A Senate report found that controversial new USPS policies widely seen as politically-motivated delayed 7 percent of the country's mail. The health department's top communications official was put on leave after posting a Facebook accusing liberal states of planning an armed insurrection. Democrats demanded a probe after whistleblower reports that ICE has conducted forced hysterectomies at border facilities.



### **Russia Update: Belarus and Navalny**

By Alex Lucaci

Since the August 9 presidential election, hundreds of thousands of protestors in Belarus have taken to the streets in Minsk and across the country to protest the rigged electoral process. Meanwhile, prominent Kremlin critic and anti-corruption activist Alexey Navalny has awoken from a medically-induced coma after being poisoned on a flight from Siberia to Moscow. Both events have triggered massive international economic and political implications of the recent developments in Belarus and Russia.

The unprecedented scale of the demonstrations, as well as the duration and staying power of the movement, has surprised even close Belarus-watchers and Eurasian analysts. Incumbent Belarusian President Alexander Lukashenko also appeared to be caught off-guard by the civil unrest, having only experienced minor protests over his 26 years in power. Although Lukashenko and his security forces have cracked down on the protestors in recent weeks through arrests, detentions, and other forms of violence, the Belarusian people continue to flood the streets, while exiled political opposition coordinates both domestic and international responses to Lukashenko's intransigence. On Tuesday, the European Union's high representative for foreign affairs declared that the bloc does not

recognize Lukashenko as the legitimate president of Belarus, and that the August 9 elections were fraudulent and marred by vote rigging and other forms of electoral corruption.

Amid the ongoing domestic upheaval, Lukashenko traveled to Sochi, Russia to meet with President Putin, where the two leaders discussed their bilateral relations and responses to the ongoing domestic crises and coronavirus pandemic. Among the issues raised was the prospect of a \$1.4 billion loan to Belarus, as well as increased economic and political integration measures between the two countries. Although there are no explicitly stated conditions attached to this loan, Moscow is likely to use this financial lifeline to leverage their political aims and

### **Russia Update: Belarus and Navalny**

and keep Belarus from drifting into Europe's orbit. Lukashenko stated that he also asked Putin for several types of new weapons systems and military equipment, a request that comes amid a period of joint Russia-Belarus military drills through late September. These drills have included live exercises demonstrating Moscow's ability to deploy forces to Belarus on "short notice," a worrying sign as Putin has recently confirmed the existence of a "law enforcement" battalion stationed on the Belarusian border, should the civil unrest in Minsk continue to escalate.

Meanwhile, prominent Kremlin critic and anti-corruption activist Alexey Navalny has awoken from a medically-induced coma after being poisoned on a flight from Siberia to Moscow. After a medical evacuation to Berlin, three separate European blood tests revealed that Novichok, a Soviet-era chemical nerve agent, was used in the attempt to take Navalny's life. Supporters of the opposition leader and, most recently, the British government claim that Putin or his operatives were responsible in poisoning Navalny while he was in Siberia building political networks and organizations for the September 13 regional elections. The Kremlin has predictably denied these accusations while also threatening to turn the incident into

another flashpoint between Moscow, Brussels, and Washington. In a cruel twist, the Kremlin has appointed Andrei Lugovoi to the committee responsible for investigating Navalny's poisoning. Lugovoi, a member of the Russia Duma and former KGB officer, gained notoriety in 2006 for his role in the Alexander Litvinenko poisoning in London. Russia has repeatedly rejected the UK's request for Lugovoi's extradition, which has remained a point of contention between the two countries.

There are several massive international economic and political implications of the recent developments in Belarus and Russia. The first is the status of Nordstream II, an \$11 billion project to carry natural gas from Russia to Germany. As a result of Navalny's poisoning and status in a Berlin hospital, there have been renewed calls on both sides of the Atlantic to cancel the pipeline, which is already over 90 percent completed but remains unfinished because of US sanctions. Although German Chancellor Angela Merkel has strongly supported the project, she has recently hinted that she may be softening her position as a result of perceived Russian bad behavior related to Navalny and Moscow's handling of domestic human rights issues. Furthermore, as a result of the domestic shale

### **Russia Update: Belarus and Navalny**

boom, the US is now in a position to meet Europe's demand for natural gas and reduce their dependence on exports from Russia. The Navalny poisoning has thrown another wrench in the already-fragile relations between Brussels and Moscow, especially as tensions rise in Belarus.

Although Lukashenko's appeals to Russia for security and economic assistance are unsurprising, there are significant risks in the Belarusian president's efforts to tie his country closer to Moscow. The popular demonstrations have shown unprecedented durability, even as the state security forces become increasingly violent in cracking down. Lukashenko is no longer viewed as the legitimate leader of Belarus, either inside the country or in Europe, and has no institutional path back to power. His attempts to stay in power will only succeed if he dramatically escalates the crackdowns on the protestors and there are no further defections within the Belarusian security forces. Previously, it would have been enough to let the demonstrations burn themselves out - now, Lukashenko has brought the attention of the international community onto Belarus through his own mismanagement of the crisis as well as the effective organization and

coordination of the opposition parties. The meeting between Putin and Lukashenko on Monday indicated that Moscow will increase its involvement through military assistance and financial support. Putin likely views the situation in Belarus as an opportunity to fully reincorporate Belarus into the Russian orbit - Lukashenko's desire to show independence from Moscow over the last several years, combined with his diplomatic outreach to Washington and the EU, had begun to sound alarm bells in the Kremlin.

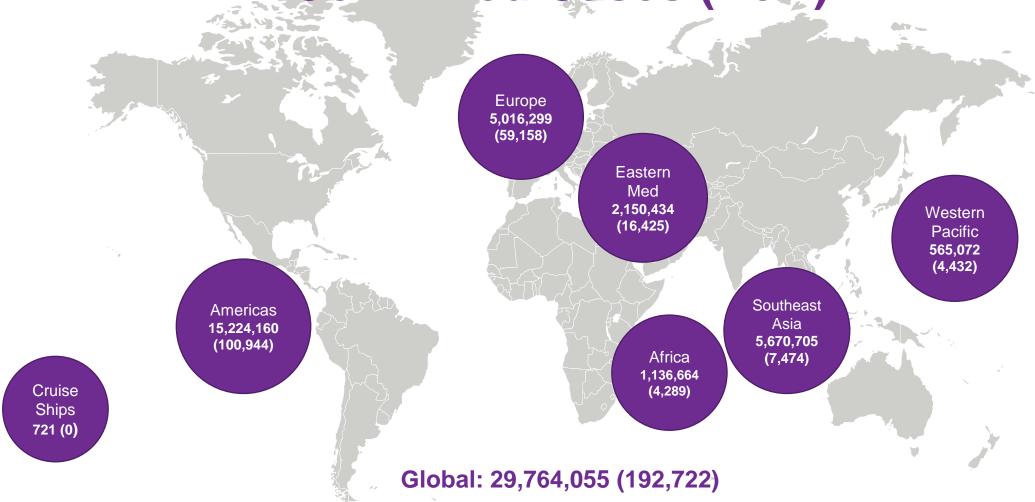


# **Coronavirus Condition Updates**

As of 2100 hours US EDT on September 16

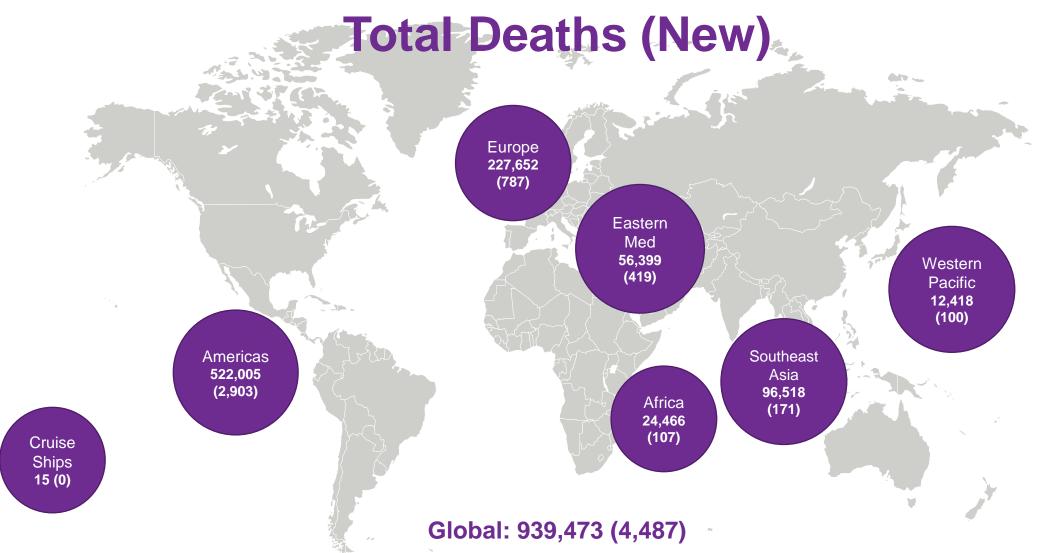


### **Confirmed Cases (New)**



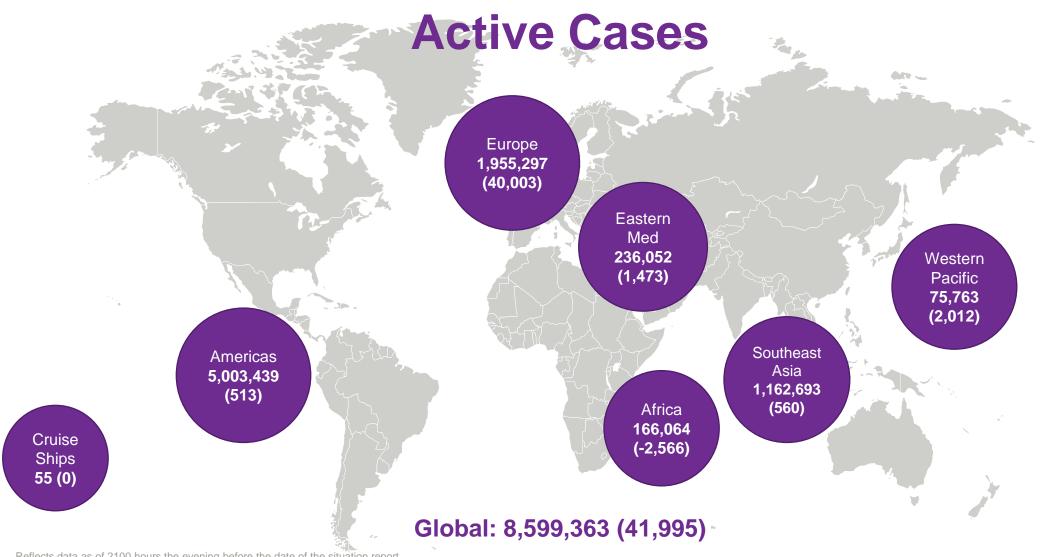
Reflects data as of 2100 hours the evening before the date of the situation report. Data Source: Johns Hopkins University

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#### VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
US	3869349	6588461 (24159)	196144 (829)	20603	608	3.51%	Belgium	67203	95948 (1153)	9935 (5)	8172	856	5.61%
India	995933	5020359 (0)	82066 (0)	3699	60	9.12%	Philippines	60344	272934 (3527)	4732 (69)	2484	43	8.79%
Brazil	439513	4419083 (36820)	134106 (987)	20771	630	4.09%	Romania	59482	107011 (1713)	4285 (49)	5571	223	6.85%
Spain	433741	614360 (11193)	30243 (239)	13139	647	9.80%	Iraq	57570	303059 (4357)	8248 (82)	7500	204	8.13%
UK	336585	379537 (3997)	41756 (20)	5565	613	5.30%	Indonesia	55792	228993 (3963)	9100 (135)	835	33	9.52%
France	315056	421861 (9501)	30884 (46)	6200	475	11.70%	South Africa	53544	653444 (1923)	15705 (64)	10989	264	1.38%
Russia	169175	1075485 (5612)	18853 (130)	7397	130	3.04%	Honduras	47575	69660 (1040)	2102 (15)	6905	210	5.54%
Argentina	128633	589012 (11674)	12116 (264)	13007	268	11.00%	Israel	46081	170465 (6063)	1165 (18)	18534	127	14.63%
Peru	126340	738020 (4160)	30927 (115)	22511	939	4.78%	Italy	40532	291442 (1452)	35645 (12)	4822	590	2.83%
Colombia	102821	736377 (7787)	23478 (190)	14440	460	5.66%	Ethiopia	38514	66224 (738)	1045 (10)	573	9	5.51%
Bangladesh	89879	342671 (1615)	4823 (21)	2076	29	2.83%	Puerto Rico	37714	38284 (112)	570 (19)	11303	168	5.24%
Ukraine	88309	166694 (3016)	3404 (78)	3724	76	10.53%	Costa Rica	37115	59516 (1379)	649 (16)	11661	127	11.71%
Sweden	81715	87575 (230)	5860 (9)	8660	579	1.58%	Mexico	34750	680931 (4444)	71978 (300)	5235	555	4.20%
Netherlands	80060	86320 (1542)	6260 (2)	5035	365	9.05%	Iran	34683	410334 (2981)	23632 (179)	4872	281	3.62%

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#### VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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Bolivia	34363	128872 (586)	7478 (31)	10959	636	3.62%	Ecuador	13466	121525 (1972)	10996 (33)	6866	621	6.85%
Serbia	31877	32613 (102)	736 (1)	3736	84	1.46%	Algeria	12804	48966 (232)	1645 (13)	1112	37	3.02%
Turkey	26540	296391 (1771)	7249 (63)	3506	86	3.35%	Greece	12378	14041 (311)	316 (3)	1349	30	11.32%
Dominican Rep	24621	105521 (718)	2009 (11)	9707	185	3.61%	Kenya	12303	36301 (0)	634 (0)	674	12	1.92%
Panama	24481	103466 (634)	2198 (11)	23901	508	3.63%	Venezuela	11631	63416 (761)	511 (9)	2232	18	8.82%
Germany	20873	266869 (1855)	9373 (6)	3183	113	3.27%	Poland	11387	75734 (600)	2237 (10)	2002	59	4.33%
Portugal	19220	65626 (605)	1878 (3)	6440	184	5.33%	Libya	11044	24936 (792)	394 (11)	3619	57	16.03%
Czechia	17619	41032 (2136)	482 (6)	3830	45	21.01%	West Bank & Gaza	10554	33006 (756)	243 (14)	6439	47	13.16%
Morocco	17362	92016 (1692)	1686 (38)	2487	46	13.31%	Moldova	10470	44361 (627)	1159 (16)	11002	287	5.99%
Saudi Arabia	17178	327551 (621)	4369 (31)	9378	125	1.17%	UAE	9924	81782 (842)	402 (1)	8248	41	5.96%
Nepal	16242	58327 (1539)	379 (8)	1994	13	13.48%	Hungary	9653	14460 (581)	654 (8)	1498	68	29.52%
Lebanon	16190	26083 (634)	259 (7)	3825	38	13.98%	Egypt	9255	101500 (160)	5696 (17)	988	55	0.93%
Chile	15376	439287 (1304)	12058 (18)	22938	630	2.42%	Kuwait	9241	96999 (698)	571 (3)	22644	133	4.31%
Paraguay	14113	30419 (1121)	566 (14)	4254	79	15.74%	Canada	8196	141852 (952)	9244 (5)	3696	243	3.45%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University

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#### VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

#### HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

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Nigeria	7641	56604 (126)	1091 (3)	273	5	1.37%	Afghanistan*	4916	38855 (40)	1436 (10)	994	37	0.73%
Japan	7406	76997 (551)	1481 (18)	605	12	4.00%	Albania	4740	11816 (144)	343 (3)	4107	119	8.09%
Guatemala	7353	82924 (240)	3009 (25)	4611	167	3.16%	Bulgaria	4410	18390 (174)	739 (3)	2651	107	4.31%
Bahrain	6824	62484 (841)	216 (3)	36469	126	6.84%	Kazakhstan	3930	107056 (72)	1671 (0)	5683	89	0.37%
Austria	6660	35073 (768)	758 (1)	3890	84	10.91%	Senegal	3513	14568 (39)	299 (1)	865	18	2.87%
Ireland	6647	31799 (250)	1788 (1)	6425	361	4.53%	Kosovo	3407	12683 (0)	488 (0)			0.00%
Bosnia	6485	24211 (282)	736 (11)	7390	225	6.89%	Armenia	3384	46376 (257)	923 (3)	15644	311	2.26%
El Salvador	6407	27163 (75)	796 (4)	4183	123	1.75%	Denmark	3381	20571 (0)	633 (0)	3549	109	8.01%
Switzerland	6326	48265 (514)	2039 (11)	5568	235	5.29%	Uzbekistan	3186	49015 (586)	407 (5)	1460	12	7.23%
Pakistan	6066	303634 (545)	6399 (6)	1367	29	1.07%	Myanmar	2940	3894 (258)	46 (7)	70	0.7	44.79%
Oman	6028	91196 (536)	805 (8)	17766	157	3.14%	Jamaica	2938	4164 (122)	46 (0)	1405	16	15.68%
Sudan	5940	13535 (0)	836 (0)	307	19	0.72%	CAR	2890	4782 (10)	62 (0)	987	13	0.73%
Tunisia	5662	8100 (477)	129 (6)	684	11	27.38%	Qatar	2841	122449 (235)	208 (0)	43610	74	1.14%
Data Source: Johns Hopkins University			* Inc	dicates mov	ed down a r	isk category	Uganda	2802	5266 (143)	60 (2)	114	1	18.52%

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#### HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

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Kyrgyzstan	2799	45072 (73)	1063 (0)	6885	162	0.86%	Nicaragua	1901	4961 (0)	147 (0)	747	22	2.88%
South Korea	2742	22657 (153)	372 (5)	439	7	3.26%	Botswana	1877	2463 (0)	11 (0)	1043	5	8.57%
Mozambique	2688	5994 (281)	39 (2)	191	1	19.39%	N Macedonia	1870	16088 (163)	668 (7)	7722	321	4.19%
Slovakia	2602	5860 (92)	38 (0)	1073	7	13.55%	Norway	1862	12498 (105)	265 (0)	2302	49	5.05%
Syria	2602	3654 (40)	163 (3)	208	9	6.51%	Rwanda	1823	4634 (10)	22 (0)	356	2	3.34%
Guadeloupe	2563	3426 (346)	26 (2)	8562	65	33.25%	Malawi	1762	5704 (3)	178 (0)	297	9	0.86%
Trinidad & Tobago	2459	3327 (104)	58 (2)	2376	41	18.91%	Reunion	1674	3002 (100)	15 (0)	3348	17	16.39%
Montenegro	2401	7291 (230)	126 (3)	11608	201	14.66%	Aruba	1630	3328 (176)	22 (0)	31143	206	15.29%
Namibia	2354	9964 (63)	108 (2)	3907	42	7.11%	Zimbabwe	1551	7598 (22)	224 (0)	510	15	1.91%
Australia	2191	26813 (35)	832 (8)	1048	32	0.93%	Maldives	1491	9427 (99)	33 (0)	17376	61	5.59%
Angola	2131	3675 (106)	143 (4)	111	4	12.46%	Bahamas	1485	3087 (55)	69 (0)	7834	175	11.86%
Croatia	2103	14029 (280)	236 (6)	3422	58	7.93%	Gambia	1482	3440 (12)	107 (2)	1415	44	3.20%
Haiti	2063	8541 (11)	220 (0)	747	19	1.31%	Jordan	1477	3852 (175)	26 (0)	377	3	28.89%
Azerbaijan	1940	38658 (141)	569 (3)	3805	56	2.03%	Georgia	1327	2758 (196)	19 (0)	692	5	33.65%

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#### HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

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South Sudan	1255	2594 (2)	49 (0)	231	4	1.50%
Lithuania	1230	3442 (45)	87 (0)	1268	32	7.06%
Belarus	1186	74763 (211)	767 (6)	7913	81	1.57%
Madagascar	1174	15871 (68)	215 (1)	570	8	1.56%
Tajikistan	1157	9171 (42)	73 (0)	957	8	2.53%
Guinea-Bissau	1109	2275 (0)	39 (0)	1150	20	0.00%
Cameroon	1051	20303 (32)	415 (0)	761	16	1.45%
Martinique	1006	1122 (0)	18 (0)	2990	48	16.31%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



### **US Risk Assessment**

#### VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
California	756630	771321 (3117)	14691 (97)	19538	373	2.64%	Nevada	70774	74248 (208)	1494 (12)	24105	485	2.29%
Florida	658262	671201 (2355)	12939 (152)	31251	603	2.45%	Colorado	54467	62666 (587)	2002 (6)	10885	348	4.01%
New York	337421	446366 (652)	33042 (4)	24669	1704	1.00%	Kansas	48222	50720 (731)	578 (21)	17747	201	5.75%
Georgia	292637	299056 (2062)	6419 (22)	28167	605	3.32%	Kentucky	46639	58764 (764)	1082 (8)	13153	242	6.79%
Illinois	259639	268238 (1943)	8599 (35)	21169	679	3.98%	Connecticut	41537	55166 (135)	4487 (2)	15473	1259	1.95%
Arizona	171286	209907 (698)	5371 (27)	28838	738	1.38%	Michigan	33286	125742 (766)	6943 (11)	12591	695	3.89%
New Jersey	147235	197792 (388)	16054 (11)	22673	1821	1.20%	Oregon	23964	29850 (188)	521 (2)	7077	124	4.62%
Virginia	116851	136269 (841)	2882 (45)	15975	338	4.26%	Pennsylvania	23437	151850 (806)	7882 (22)	11865	623	3.39%
Maryland	106747	117888 (643)	3855 (6)	19500	638	3.23%	lowa	20337	76652 (931)	1248 (14)	24178	392	5.47%
Missouri	106088	107853 (1216)	1765 (9)	17762	306	8.45%	Rhode Island	20042	23358 (108)	1081 (3)	22049	1020	2.47%
Texas	91232	696807 (4054)	14738 (145)	24460	513	3.91%	Indiana	20001	107809 (580)	3472 (12)	16014	516	5.16%
South Carolina	79559	134122 (652)	3132 (34)	26050	608	5.61%	North Carolina	17618	188024 (1137)	3149 (38)	17927	300	3.87%
Washington	78792	80812 (347)	2020 (5)	10977	265	2.90%	Ohio	17520	140518 (1033)	4555 (49)	12033	390	4.58%
Alabama	77463	141087 (927)	2392 (5)	28775	488	3.91%	Idaho	16589	36093 (283)	429 (6)	20197	240	2.05%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University

Note: This report is based on sources and information deemed to be true and reliable, but Dentons makes no representations to same.

### **US Risk Assessment**

#### VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

#### HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases /1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Tennessee	14734	177087 (1856)	2151 (24)	25931	315	5.00%	Minnesota	4245	85813 (462)	1985 (6)	15216	352	4.15%
New Mexico	11575	27041 (118)	832 (2)	12896	397	2.26%	Alaska	3981	6432 (48)	44 (0)	8809	60	6.53%
Oklahoma	10334	72284 (970)	924 (12)	18268	234	7.73%	West Virginia	3239	13202 (216)	293 (10)	7363	162	10.51%
Wisconsin	10305	92159 (1097)	1227 (7)	15923	211	7.90%	North Dakota	2528	16333 (269)	177 (5)	21433	232	11.57%
Utah	9582	59747 (747)	437 (1)	18636	136	6.24%	South Dakota	2442	17291 (297)	192 (8)	19545	217	8.43%
Mississippi	9507	91234 (711)	2756 (22)	30655	926	3.19%	District of Columbia	2435	14743 (56)	617 (1)	20890	874	2.25%
Nebraska	9181	39419 (449)	439 (-15)	20378	227	5.19%	Montana	2104	9431 (187)	141 (1)	8824	132	8.14%
Delaware	8426	19234 (97)	619 (1)	19752	636	3.99%							
Louisiana	7960	158826 (508)	5296 (18)	34165	1139	2.15%							
Massachusetts	7057	125699 (306)	9245 (20)	18237	1341	1.71%							
Hawaii	6958	10946 (102)	103 (3)	7731	73	5.97%							
Arkansas	6917	72219 (722)	1157 (7)	23931	383	7.50%							

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



## Contacts

This summary is based on reports sourced from among the 75 countries in which Dentons currently serves clients as well as from firms in other locations, some of which will formally join Dentons later in 2020. We are pleased to share this complimentary summary and contemporaneous assessment, with the caveat that developments are changing rapidly. This is not legal advice, and you should not act or refrain from acting based solely on its contents. We urge you to consult with counsel regarding your particular circumstances.

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#### **Karl Hopkins**

Partner and Global Chief Security Officer Dentons Washington, DC

D +1 202 408 9225 karl.hopkins@dentons.com

#### Melissa Mahle

Senior Analyst Dentons Washington, DC

D +1 202 408 6383 melissa.mahle@dentons.com

